

# **CIS-5372 Fundamentals of Computer Security**

## **Catalog Description**

Information assurance algorithms and techniques. Security vulnerabilities. Symmetric and public key encryption. Authentication and Kerberos. Key infrastructure and certificate. Mathematical foundations. (3 credits)

## **Prerequisites**

SCIS Graduate Standing

## **Type**

Required for MSIT

## **Course Objectives**

This course provides an in-depth understanding into the fundamental concepts of computer security. It covers basic cryptography, including symmetric and public key cryptosystems as well as key management and distribution and user authentication. It provides an introduction to digital signatures, hash functions, message authentication codes and their application to message and user authentication. The course further focuses on software vulnerabilities and the malware exploiting them. It introduces the basic concepts of access control as well as network security and privacy.

## **Topics**

Basic computer security concepts, threat models, common security goals

Key management and distribution, certificates, x509

Authentication protocols including Needham-Schroeder, Kerberos, Denning-Sacco, Woo-Lam

Cryptography and cryptographic protocols

Symmetric cryptography

Public key cryptography

Digital signatures

Hash functions

Message authentication codes

Vulnerabilities, including buffer overflows and incomplete mediation.

Malware, including viruses, worms, trapdoors, rootkits, trojan horses and covert channels

Access control

Network security

Concepts of privacy and anonymity

## **Textbook**

William Stallings. *Cryptography and Network Security, 5th Edition* (Prentice Hall)

Charles P. Pfleeger and Shari Lawrence Pfleeger. *Security in Computing, 4th Edition* (Prentice Hall)

## **Last Update**

Bogdan Carbunar, 8/30/2012